

试题六 Model Test 6

Part I Vocabulary & Structure (词汇和语法结构)

Directions: Complete each statement by choosing the appropriate answer from the 4 choices marked A, B, C and D. Mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

1. Congratulations _____ your driving test results!
A. in B. at C. on D. out
2. The smell _____ by the rotten food makes us feel bad.
A. given up B. given away C. given over D. given off
3. I got _____ "F" in my Science exam.
A. a B. an C. / D. the
4. By the end of next month, they _____ this project.
A. will complete B. will be completed
C. will have completed D. complete
5. Many a boy _____ playing basketball.
A. liking B. likes C. like D. will like
6. I have no _____ of going to the supermarket this afternoon.
A. education B. intelligence C. intention D. trust
7. Mary tried calling Jim several times, but she couldn't _____.
A. get into B. get over C. get together D. get through
8. The medicine he takes is only available by _____.
A. description B. prescription C. reservation D. conversation
9. There _____ a kitchen, a living room and two bedrooms in this house.
A. is B. are C. be D. being
10. Mr. Green is _____ to Mr. Black.
A. taller B. higher C. senior D. top
11. It is _____ for me to speak English.
A. much easy B. much easier C. much more easy D. more easy
12. There is a computer, a minibar and a _____ in the hotel room.
A. safety B. safe C. safely D. save
13. If Doctor Li _____ here yesterday, the child would have been saved.
A. were B. was C. had been D. being

[illegible]

work for the exam, also known as gaokao, which usually kicks off on June 7 each year.

At a Beijing middle school exam site, Ding learned about the exam room arrangement, waiting-for-exam management as well as related services. He also had talks with the staff members working in the monitoring, broadcasting and exam rooms.

He acknowledged their hard work. Also on behalf of the CPC Central Committee and the State Council, Ding extended sincere greetings and gratitude to all those working to ensure that everything linked to the exam proceeds as planned.

Noting that the number of students registering for this year's gaokao hit a record high, Ding urged meticulous services in terms of traffic control and heatstroke prevention as well as combating noise and ensuring accommodation hygiene, with an aim to create a sound and comfortable exam environment.

At the Beijing Education Examinations Authority, Ding stressed that fairness and safety are the lifeline of gaokao, asking for strict confidentiality management and crackdown on exam fraud.

Data from the education ministry show that 13.42 million students have registered for China's 2024 national college entrance examination, an increase of 510,000 students from last year. Gaokao is considered the most important exam in China."

21. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Gaokao is held twice a year.
- B. Ding inspected preparatory work for the exam on Monday.
- C. More people registered for Gaokao in 2024 than in 2023.
- D. The preparatory work for the exam is not hard.

22. The national college entrance examination often starts from _____.

- A. July 7
- B. June 3
- C. June 7
- D. June 2

23. At a Beijing middle school exam site, Ding communicated with people from _____.

- A. monitoring rooms
- B. broadcasting rooms
- C. exam rooms
- D. All of the above

24. Ding Xuexiang has urged all-out efforts to create _____ exam environment.

- A. exciting and cheerful

B. relaxed and happy

C. sound and comfortable

D. beautiful and careful

25. What does the sentence underlined mean?

A. The number of students registering for Gaokao is the largest ever since.

B. They have a registration record for the students who will attend Gaokao.

C. The students have high scores.

D. The record shows the number of students registering for Gaokao.

Task 2

Directions: *There are 5 questions in this task. For each question, there are 4 choices marked A , B , C and D. Make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.*

Shanghai Researchers Develop More Accurate AI Weather Model

The Shanghai Academy of Artificial Intelligence for Science and Fudan University unveiled Fuxi 2.0, an upgraded AI-powered large model for climate and weather forecasting, on Monday.

Fuxi 2.0 boasts higher prediction accuracy than previous models and is 1,000 times faster, while also being cheaper and able to generate longer-term forecasts.

It is expected to enhance early warning, risk management and disaster prevention capabilities across China.

"The rising frequency of extreme weather events due to climate change necessitates improved weather forecasts," said Qi Yuan, director of the academy.

"Fuxi 2.0 aims to mitigate the damage caused by such events by providing more accurate and timely predictions."

Li Hao, who leads the academy's earth science research team, highlighted Fuxi 2.0's significant leaps in forecasting extreme weather phenomena, surpassing the accuracy of the European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts' short- and medium-term models.

The first version of Fuxi was launched at the United Nation's COP28 climate change summit in December, becoming the first Chinese sub-seasonal climate model capable of generating forecasts for the next 15 to 60 days.

Li said Fuxi 2.0 can deliver nationwide high-resolution forecasts with ground meteorological elements, providing hourly updates accurate to within a kilometer

— a vast improvement over existing models with resolutions of 10 to 25 km.

For the new energy sector, Fuxi 2.0 offers more accurate wind speed, irradiation and power generation predictions, allowing for optimized wind and solar power generation, improved grid load balancing and reduced curtailment.

“It acts like an intelligent navigation system for wind farms and solar power plants,” Li said.

The aviation industry can leverage Fuxi 2.0’s ability to predict low cloud cover and total cloud cover, aiding in forecasting ice, turbulence and uneven light conditions — factors impacting flight experiences and costs.

The academy and 10 other institutions, including meteorological services, research bodies and industry leaders, have announced the formation of an ecological alliance for intelligent meteorological innovation.

It will leverage Fuxi 2.0 and foster collaboration between the research, education and industrial sectors to drive further technological advances in intelligent weather forecasting.

26. What is Fuxi 2.0?

- A. It is a new edition of a computer software.
- B. It is a new model of traffic light monitoring.
- C. It is an upgraded AI-powered large model for climate.
- D. It is a new model of a washing machine.

27. Which is the not advantage of Fuxi 2.0?

- A. It is able to generate longer-term forecasts.
- B. It is invented in Shanghai.
- C. It is faster.
- D. It boasts higher prediction accuracy.

28. Who is Li Hao?

- A. The leader of Shanghai Museum.
- B. The doctor in Shanghai Medical College.
- C. The president of Fudan University.
- D. The leader of the academy’s earth science research team.

29. About the first version of Fuxi, which of the following is unknown?

- A. It was launched at the United Nation’s COP28 climate change summit.
- B. It was launched in December.
- C. It took the scientists 10 years to develop it.

D. It was the first Chinese sub-seasonal climate model capable of generating forecasts for the next 15 to 60 days.

30. What is the passage about?

A. Weather development in recent years.

B. A more accurate AI weather model is developed.

C. The history and change of Shanghai.

D. The prediction of the weather development trend.

Task 3

Directions: *There are 5 questions in this task. For each question, there are 4 choices marked A , B , C and D. Make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.*

Regulators Beef up Consumer Protection

Challenges highlighted in supervision of livestreaming sales, platform economy

China's market regulators have beefed up efforts to protect the rights and interests of consumers, as more than 35 million consumer complaints were effectively dealt with last year.

The State Administration for Market Regulation, the country's top market regulator, said on Friday — World Consumer Rights Day — that such efforts helped consumers save potential economic losses of 4.49 billion yuan (\$624 million) in 2023.

Most of the consumer complaints were related to after-sales services, product quality, food safety, contract disputes and unfair competition. After-sales service complaints, in particular, experienced the fastest growth, surging 61.5 percent year-on-year.

Notably, with livestreaming e-commerce seeing explosive growth in recent years, the regulator said that consumer complaints from livestreaming e-commerce significantly outpaced that of traditional e-commerce platforms.

In 2023, Chinese market authorities received over 12.6 million online shopping complaints, accounting for 56.1 percent of the total, the top market regulator said.

"Sectors like livestreaming e-commerce are still newborns, and it is inevitable that various problems arise. Thus, it is necessary to collaboratively establish a comprehensive consumer protection mechanism," said Li Yongjian, a senior researcher of the National Academy of Economic Strategy under the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

"Currently, China's livestreaming e-commerce sector is moving toward a stage of standardized development. Only by establishing an environment that tolerates failure can various sectors develop healthily, and further exert their roles in promoting consumption," Li added.

The regulator also said that it has intensified efforts to supervise the "platform economy" — tech-driven online marketplaces and other similar operations — to drive its orderly and sustainable development.

From June to October, market regulators from across the country guided 854 platform-based companies to examine their agreement rules, and assisted companies to add 982 agreement rules and optimize 2,698 improper ones.

Wang Xianlin, a member of the expert advisory group of the State Council's anti-monopoly commission, said: "Over the past years, authorities have conducted intensive and special rectifications of improper behaviors in the platform economy and have achieved the desired effect of a fairer market environment."

"Now, it's time for China to return to normalized supervision in the sector. Normalized supervision is basically to avoid intensive and abrupt rectifications, so as to offer a more predictable market environment for platform-based companies," he said.

31. How many consumer complaints were effectively dealt with last year?
 - A. 4.49 billion.
 - B. 35 million.
 - C. 2698.
 - D. 12.6 million.
32. Which is not mentioned in most of the consumer complaints?
 - A. After-sales services.
 - B. Product quality.
 - C. Food safety.
 - D. fair competition.
33. What stage of China's livestreaming e-commerce sector is moving forward?
 - A. Leader in the world.
 - B. Mature stage.
 - C. Unknown article.
 - D. Standardized development.
34. What was the rate of online shopping complaints in 2023?

A. 61.5%. B. 56.1%. C. 82.3%. D. 61.5%.

35. What is the final goal of normalized supervision?

- A. To earn more money for platform-based companies.
- B. To help the poor people in platform-based companies.
- C. To provide a more predictable market environment.
- D. To offer a more comfortable market environment.

Task 4

Directions: *There are 5 questions in this task. For each question, there are 4 choices marked A , B , C and D. Make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.*

Harbin Institute of Technology Celebrates

Group Student Wedding with Special Diamonds

On Sunday, 82 newlywed couples attended the 9th group wedding for doctoral students at the Harbin Institute of Technology (HIT) in Harbin, Heilongjiang province.

They walked hand in hand into the hall of happiness, surrounded by the blessings of their teachers, friends and family members.

Each couple received gifts from the institute, including custom-made diamonds, golden plates and ties.

The diamonds, named "Sincerity", were independently developed by the School of Astronautics's infrared thin film and crystal team.

Cutting-edge technology was employed to create the diamonds using a process known as microwave chemical vapor deposition. This method utilizes advanced equipment to grow high-quality diamond crystals efficiently.

The related technology has won several awards, including the China Patent Gold Award and the Heilongjiang Province Patent Gold Award.

The diamonds' extremely high hardness and chemical stability are meant to symbolize enduring love for each couple.

"This diamond carries the unique sentiments and romance of HIT," Professor Zhu Jiaqi, head of the team, said at the wedding ceremony. "It not only serves as a witness to your deep affection but also as a recognition of your knowledge and skills, as well as a deep wish and expectation for all the students."

"I also hope you can overcome difficulties, forge ahead courageously, and join

hands with determination to write a splendid life story with youthful vigor in the future," he added.

Chen Rui, vice-president of the institute, encouraged the newlyweds to carry forward the fine tradition of HIT, integrating their life ideals and family happiness into the great cause of national prosperity and rejuvenation and vigorously writing a youthful chapter of shouldering responsibilities for Chinese-style modernization.

"I hope that you will always cherish the original intention of love and, with the belief of weathering storms together, embark on a more happy and fulfilling life," she said.

36. How many times did the HIT hold the group wedding for doctoral students?

- A. 82. B. 9. C. 10. D. 12.

37. Which was not the gift the institute gave to the newlyweds?

- A. Necklace.
B. Custom-made diamonds.
C. Golden plates.
D. Ties.

38. Which is true about the diamond mentioned in this passage?

- A. Its name is "Purity".
B. It was developed by the school and the diamond company.
C. The diamond was soft.
D. Cutting-edge technology was employed to create the diamonds.

39. Who was Zhu Jiaqi?

- A. Head of the team who developed the diamond.
B. Headmaster of HIT.
C. Salesperson in the diamond shop.
D. One of the students who attended the group wedding.

40. What were the wishes from the institute?

- A. Overcoming difficulties, forging ahead courageously.
B. Taking on responsibilities for Chinese-style modernization.
C. Cherish the original intention of love and,.
D. All of the above.

Task 5

Directions: *There are 5 questions in this task. For each question, there*

are 4 choices marked A , B , C and D. Make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Winwin Restaurant

Chicken Soup \$10

Beef Soup \$8

Green Salad \$5

Sweet & Sour Pork \$18

Sour & Spicy Fish \$15

Lemon Duck \$12

Black Tea \$3

Green Tea \$5

41. It is a(an) _____.

A. menu B. application form C. leave D. memo

42. If I only have 20 dollars, which dish can I order?

- A. Chicken Soup, Sour & Spicy Fish.
- B. Sweet & Sour Pork, Black Tea.
- C. Lemon Duck, Green Tea.
- D. Sweet & Sour Pork, Sour & Spicy Fish.

43. If I were a vegetarian, which dish would you recommend to me?

- A. Sweet & Sour Pork.
- B. Lemon Duck.
- C. Green Salad.
- D. Sour & Spicy Fish.

44. If I take Sour & Spicy Fish, how much should I pay?

A. \$30. B. \$26. C. \$20. D. \$15.

45. How much should I pay at least if I order one soup and one drink?

A. \$20. B. \$8. C. \$13. D. \$11.

Task 6

Directions: Fill in the following blanks with the correct answers and write your answers on the Answer Sheet with no more than 4 words(不超过4个词).

Mental Health Platform Launched for College, Middle Schools

A monitoring platform for students' mental health was launched during an event for Mental Health Day in college and middle schools in China, which falls on May

25 every year.

The platform will use psychological assessment tools tailored to Chinese adolescents to conduct sample monitoring of the mental health status of primary, secondary and university students nationwide, providing scientific guidance and support for local authorities and school.

Representatives from local education bureaus and schools shared their measures to detect and intervene the mental health problems of students at the event, which was held at Beijing Normal University.

Starting this year, the Ministry of Education has designated May as the National Student Mental Health Education Month.

46. When is Mental Health Day?

Mental Health Day usually falls on_____.

47. What will be used by the platform?

_____tailored to Chinese adolescents.

48. What is the aim of launching the platform?

To conduct _____of the mental health status of the students.

49. Who shared their measures to detect and intervene the mental health problems of students?

Representatives from_____and schools.

50. What has the Ministry of Education designated May as?

The National Student_____.

Part III Translation (翻译)

Section A English to Chinese (英译汉)

51. Go big or go home.

- A. 如果做不大，就回家。
- B. 要往大了做，否则就要回家了。
- C. 要么出众，要么出局。
- D. 要么成功，要么失败。

52. What time would you like the babysitter to come to your house?

- A. 保姆大概什么时候会来你家？
- B. 你想要保姆什么时候来你家？
- C. 你需要保姆什么时候来你家？

D. 如果保姆来你家，你想什么时候让她来？

53. I wonder whether I might ask you a question.

A. 我在想一个问题来问你。

B. 我纳闷是否该问你一些问题。

C. 我想要问你一个问题。

D. 不知道可不可以问你一个问题。

54. Our restaurant provides cuisines of different flavors.

A. 我们餐厅提供不同风味的菜肴。

B. 我们餐厅有不同的菜肴。

C. 我们餐厅提供不同价位的菜肴。

D. 我们餐厅菜肴风味独特，价格适宜。

55. At the end of your stay, if you want to buy some souvenirs, you can come to our shop next to the elevator on the ground floor.

A. 最后，如果大家想买纪念品，可以去我们一楼的商店购买。

B. 如果你想在住店的最后一天购买纪念品，可以前往一楼电梯旁的商店。

C. 如果你想要在离店时购买纪念品，可以前往一楼电梯旁的商店。

D. 一楼电梯旁的商店有纪念品卖，大家可以去看看。

56. May I have your name, please?

A. 你叫什么名字？

B. 请问您可以告诉我您的姓名吗？

C. 请问你的姓名。

D. 您的名字是？

57. How many people are there in your party?

A. 你们有很多人一起吗？

B. 你们一共有多少人？

C. 你们有多少人参加？

D. 请问你们一行多少人？

58. Let me check if there is a room available.

A. 我去看看这间房间是否能用。

B. 我去查看一下是否有空房。

C. 可能有空房间，我去看看。

D. 如果有空房，留一间给您。

Section B Chinese to English (汉译英)

59. 从前，有个孩子名字叫马良。父亲母亲在他很小的时候就去世了，他靠自己打柴过日子。他喜欢画画，可是，他连一支笔也没有啊！但这并不影响他画画的决心。没有笔，那他拿什么画画呢？树枝和木炭就是他的画笔。

Part IV Writing (写作)

请根据以下信息撰写一则不少于 80 词的英文通知。

内容包括：

- (1) 通知对象：全体学生
- (2) 活动内容：参加主题为“如何用英语讲述中国故事”的讲座
- (3) 主讲人：张蕾教授
- (4) 讲座地点：第三报告厅
- (5) 讲座时间：2026 年 4 月 20 日下午 3 点
- (6) 联系人及方式：李兰，6748900@163.com
- (7) 组织单位：学生会
- (8) 通知日期：2026 年 4 月 10 日

要求：通知应包含标题、正文、落款、符合英文通知的格式和规范要求。
